



I Year-I Semester		L	T	P	C
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<b>MATHEMATICS – I (R161102)</b>					

**Prerequisite Course:** Knowledge and application of differentiation and integration

**Course Description and Objectives:**

1. The course is designed to equip the students with the necessary mathematical skills and techniques that are essential for an engineering course.
2. The skills derived from the course will help the student from a necessary base to develop analytic and design concepts.

**Course Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to achieve the following outcomes.

CO	Course Outcomes	POs
1	Solve linear differential equations of first order.	5
2	Solve linear differential equations of second and higher order.	6
3	Determine Laplace transform and inverse Laplace transform of various functions	3
4	Calculate total derivative, Jacobian and extreme values of functions of two variables.	3
5	Solve partial differential equations of first order.	4
6	Solve partial differential equations of second and higher order.	4

**Syllabus:**

**UNIT I:**

**Differential equations of first order and first degree:**

Linear-Bernoulli-Exact-Reducible to exact. Applications: Newton’s Law of cooling-Law of natural growth and decay-Orthogonal trajectories- Electrical circuits- Chemical reactions.

**UNIT II:**

**Linear differential equations of higher order:**

Non-homogeneous equations of higher order with constant coefficients with RHS term of the type  $e^{ax}$ ,  $\sin ax$ ,  $\cos ax$ , polynomials in  $x$ ,  $e^{ax} V(x)$ ,  $xV(x)$ - Method of Variation of parameters. Applications: LCR circuit, Simple Harmonic motion.

**UNIT III:**

**Laplace transforms:**

Laplace transforms of standard functions-Shifting theorems - Transforms of derivatives and integrals – Unit step function –Dirac’s delta function- Inverse Laplace transforms– Convolution theorem (with out proof). Applications: Solving ordinary differential equations (initial value problems) using Laplace transforms.

**UNIT IV:**

**Partial differentiation:**

Introduction- Homogeneous function-Euler's theorem-Total derivative-Chain rule-Generalized Mean value theorem for single variable (without proof)-Taylor's and Mc Laurent's series expansion of functions of two variables- Functional dependence- Jacobian. Applications: Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables without constraints and Lagrange's method (with constraints).

**UNIT V:**

**First order Partial differential equations:**

Formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions –solutions of first order linear (Lagrange) equation and nonlinear (standard types) equations.

**UNIT VI:**

**Higher order Partial differential equations:**

Solutions of Linear Partial differential equations with constant coefficients. RHS term of the type  $e^{ax+by}$ ,  $\sin(ax+by)$ ,  $\cos(ax+by)$ ,  $x^m y^n$ . Classification of second order partial differential equations.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. B.S.Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 43<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Khanna Publishers.
2. N.P.Bali, Engineering Mathematics, Lakshmi Publications.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley-India
2. Micheal Greenberg, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson edn
3. Dean G. Duffy, Advanced engineering mathematics with MATLAB, CRC Press
4. Peter O'neil, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Cengage Learning.
5. Srimanta Pal, Subodh C.Bhunia, Engineering Mathematics, Oxford University Press.
6. Dass H.K., Rajnish Verma. Er., Higher Engineering Mathematics, S. Chand Co. Pvt. Ltd, Delhi.